

MONROE PLANNING COMMISSION

SUBJECT:	DISCUSSION -	Proposed	Code	Amendments	Regarding	Temporary
	Homeless Encampments					

DATE:	DEPT:	CONTACT:	PRESENTER:	ITEM:
07/27/2020	Community	Shana Restall	Shana Restall	Old Business # 1
	Development			

Discussion: 08/12/2019, 03/09/2020, 04/13/2020, 06/06/2020, and 07/27/2020

Public Hearing:

Attachments: 1. DRAFT Temporary Encampments Code

2. Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1754 (Filed 03/31/2020)

REQUESTED ACTION:

None, this meeting is informational only. A public hearing on this topic will take place at a later date.

POLICY CONSIDERATIONS

Temporary homeless encampments, which provide temporary shelter to homeless persons, have become more frequent in the Puget Sound area over the past decade. The Washington State legislature adopted Engrossed House Bill 1956 on March 23, 2010 that authorizes religious organizations to host temporary encampments and limits a local government's ability to regulate these encampments. Specifically, it prohibits local governments from enacting an ordinance or regulation with respect to the provision of homeless housing that imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization. Furthermore, Governor Inslee signed into law Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1754 on March 31, 2020, which provides additional clarification regarding the regulation of temporary encampments.

DESCRIPTION/BACKGROUND

Over the last decade, temporary homeless encampments, sometimes called tent cities, have become an often-used mechanism for providing shelter for homeless individuals. These encampments usually rotate between various host properties, which are generally owned by religious organizations. On March 6, 2007, the Monroe City Council adopted Ordinance No. 003/2007, which added a chapter to the zoning code to regulate temporary homeless encampments within the City. However, in 2010, the state adopted legislation that limited a local government's purview over these encampments. RCW 35A.21.360 authorizes religious organizations to host temporary homeless encampments and states that cities may not:

- a. Impose conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that
 do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding
 the location of housing or shelter for homeless persons on property owned by the religious
 organization;
- b. Require a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise require the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability.

Governor Inslee signed into law Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1754 on March 31, 2020, which provides additional clarification regarding the regulation of temporary encampments. The City's code was not updated at the time Engrossed House Bill 1956 was adopted and has yet to be updated to reflect the provisions of Engrossed Substitute House Bill 1754. The proposed amendments are intended to bring the code into compliance with state law.

FISCAL IMPACT

N/A

TIME CONSTRAINTS

On June 9, 2020, the City adopted Ordinance No. 005/2020, which repealed and replaced previously adopted interim provisions to regulate temporary encampments. The interim ordinance is in effect for no longer than six months per RCW 35A.63.220, Moratoria, Interim Zoning Controls—Public Hearing—Limitation on Length.

Chapter 22.90 TEMPORARY ENCAMPMENTS

Sections:

22.90.010	Purpose.
22.90.020	Applicability; Construction.
22.90.030	Definitions.
22.90.040	General provisions.
22.90.050	Memorandum of understanding.
22.90.060	Outdoor encampments.
22.90.070	Indoor overnight shelters.
22.90.080	Temporary houses on-site.
22.90.090	Vehicle resident safe parking areas.
22.90.100	Application and review process; Appeals.

22.90.010. Purpose

The City of Monroe finds it is necessary to promote solutions to the complex problem of homelessness. One solution is to facilitate, with appropriate regulation and oversight, sponsors of temporary shelters in existing structures and in temporary outdoor encampments organized and managed by religious organizations. These facilities do not represent a permanent solution to homelessness, but rather can provide vitally needed shelter and a first step toward more permanent forms of housing. This chapter reflects guidance provided by ESHB 1754, WAC 51-16-030, and by federal law that religious institutions are free to practice their faith including offering assistance to the homeless, This chapter further attempts to appropriately balance such considerations with the city's need to protect the health, safety and welfare of both temporary encampment residents and of the public.

22.90.020. Applicability; Construction.

- A. The regulations, requirements, and standards set forth in this chapter apply to all temporary encampments within the City.
- B. This chapter shall be reasonably construed and administered in a manner consistent with applicable state and federal law, including ESHB 1754. Without limitation of the foregoing, the City may exercise any of the authority set forth in ESHB 1754 in administering this chapter.
- C. Except as provided in this chapter and/or by law, nothing in this chapter shall excuse any person from compliance with all applicable provisions of the Monroe Municipal Code.

22.90.030. Definitions

The following definitions shall apply for purposes of this chapter:

- A. "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to organize and manage a temporary encampment.
- B. "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure encampment, or both.
- C. "Religious organization" means the federally protected practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution that owns or controls the real property where the temporary encampment is hosted.

City of Monroe Planning Commission July 27, 2020

- D. "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not using underground utilities.
- E. "Temporary encampment" means a temporary housing or shelter for homeless persons, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking area.

22.90.040. General provisions.

The following standards shall apply to all temporary encampments within the city of Monroe, except as modified by the category-specific standards otherwise set forth in this chapter:

- A. Temporary encampments on private property are prohibited within the city except as expressly provided in this chapter.
- B. A religious organization may host a temporary encampment for the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings, subject to the provisions of this chapter.
- C. All temporary encampments shall comply with the applicable provisions of RCW 35A.21.360.
- D. The host religious organization and/or managing agency shall provide a transportation plan for the temporary encampment, which shall include provisions for access to and from transit services.
- E. The host religious organization and/or managing agency shall ensure the temporary encampment's compliance with all applicable state laws and regulations, the Monroe Municipal Code, Fire District 7 directives, and Snohomish health district standards concerning, but not limited to, drinking water connections, solid waste disposal, human waste, electrical systems, and fire resistant materials.
- F. The host religious organization and/or the managing agency shall appoint an individual to serve as a permanent point of contact for the temporary encampment.
- G. At least one representative of the host religious organization, the managing agency, and/or a designated occupant of the temporary encampment shall be on duty at the temporary encampment all times. Such individuals shall be familiar with emergency protocols, equipped with suitable communication devices, and be trained to contact local first responders when necessary. The names and contact information for such individuals shall be posted daily at the temporary encampment.
- H. The host religious organization and/or the managing agency shall ensure the temporary encampment's compliance with all applicable public health regulations, including but not limited to the following:
- 1. Adequate toilet facilities shall be provided on site and shall be set back at least 40 feet from all property lines. Restroom access shall be provided either within the buildings on the host property or through use of portable facilities.
- 2. Hand washing stations provided near the toilets and food preparation areas;
 - 3. Food preparation and/or service tents and/or facilities shall be provided;
- 4. Solid waste receptacles shall be provided on site throughout the temporary encampment. A regular trash patrol in the immediate vicinity of the temporary encampment site shall also be provided.
- 5. An adequate supply of potable water shall be available on site at all times.
- 6. All applicable city, county, health department, and state regulations pertaining to drinking water connections and solid waste disposal shall be met.
- I. Temporary encampments shall not cause or permit the intrusion of noise from the temporary encampment exceeding the applicable thresholds set forth in WAC 173-60-

- J. The host religious organization and/or the managing agency shall keep a log of the names of all overnight residents of the temporary homeless encampment and the date(s) upon which they stayed.
- K. The host religious organization and/or the managing agency shall ensure that the Monroe Police Department has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests of the temporary encampment. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property.
- L. Periodic inspections of the temporary encampment by public officials from agencies with applicable regulatory jurisdiction, including without limitation the fire marshal, may be conducted at reasonable times, consistent with applicable constitutional and statutory standards.
- M. Any host religious organization must work with the city to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180.
- 1. When there is no managing agency, the host religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless client managing information system.
- 2. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the homeless client management information system.
- 3. Temporary, overnight, extreme weather shelters provided in religious organization buildings are exempt from the requirements of this subsection.

22.90.050 Memorandum of understanding.

- A. The city shall require the host religious organization and/or a managing agency to execute a memorandum of understanding to protect the health and safety of both the residents of the temporary encampment and that of the public. Any such memorandum of understanding must, at a minimum, include information regarding:
- 1. The right of a temporary encampment resident to seek public health and safety assistance;
 - 2. The resident's ability to access social services on-site;
- 3. The resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization:
- 4. A written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious organization, and all volunteers working with residents; and
- 5. Where a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents using a release of information.
- B. The zoning administrator, in consultation with the city attorney, is authorized to negotiate and execute on behalf of the city a memorandum of understanding under this section.

22.90.060. Outdoor encampments.

- A. The hosting term of an outdoor encampment shall not exceed four consecutive months;
- B. At least three months shall lapse between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site.
- C. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor encampments by a religious organization shall not be located within 1,000 feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently hosted by the same or different religious organization.
- D. An outdoor encampment shall be located a minimum of 20 feet from the property line of abutting properties.
- F. Any exterior lighting must be directed downward and contained within the outdoor encampment.

- G. The maximum residential density of an outdoor encampment is one occupant per 400 square feet of parcel area; provided, that the maximum number of occupants within an outdoor encampment shall not exceed 100 regardless of the size of the parcel.
 - H. An outdoor encampment shall comply with the following fire safety requirements:
- 1. All tents exceeding 300 square feet, and all canopies exceeding 400 square feet, shall be comprised of flame retardant materials.
 - 2. Open flames are prohibited in an outdoor encampment.
- 3. If temporary structures other than tents are used for habitation within an outdoor encampment, each such structure shall have a door, at least one egress window, and shall be equipped with a functional smoke detector.
- 4. An adequate power supply to the outdoor encampment is required; provided, that properly permitted and installed construction site type electrical boxes may be approved by the zoning administrator.
- 5. Only wired electrical heating is allowed within tents and other temporary structures used for habitation at an outdoor encampment.
- I. The outdoor encampment shall ensure a minimum separation of six feet between structures, including tents.

22.90.070 Indoor overnight shelters.

The city shall not limit a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:

- 1. If the fire code official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the city may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
- 2. The city may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes:
 - a. Inspections by the fire code official;
 - b. An outline for appropriate emergency procedures;
- c. A determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage;
 - d. Panic bar exit doors; and
 - e. A completed firewatch agreement indicating:
 - i. Posted safe means of egress;
- ii. Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as necessary, and fire extinguishers;
- iii. A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication devices, and who know how to contact the fire department.

22.90.080 Temporary small houses on-site.

The city shall not limit a religious organization's ability to host temporary small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the following criteria:

- 1. A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious organization and the city via a memorandum of understanding:
- 2. Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one 120 square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- 3. Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the city;

- 4. Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local fire authority;
- 5. Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious organization also possess keys;
 - 6. Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;
- 7. Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable running water to be available if not provided within the individual units, including accommodating black water;
- 8. A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.

22.90.090 Vehicle resident safe parking areas.

- A. The city shall not limit a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally-sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, provided that the following criteria are met:
- 1. No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten on-site parking spaces;
- 2. Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the provision for proper disposal of waste is recreational vehicles are hosted; and
- 3. The religious organization providing spaces for safe parking shall abide by all existing on-site parking minimum requirements so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces otherwise required by the MMC. Provided, the City may in its discretion enter into a memorandum of understanding with the religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required.
- B. The host religious organization or the managing agency must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with applicable city standards.

22.90.100. Application and review process; appeals.

- A. Application. The completed application for a temporary encampment, which shall be signed by the host religious organization and/or managing agency, and shall contain, at a minimum, contact information for the applicant, and detailed information regarding the following:
- 1. How the proposed temporary encampment will meet the requirements set forth in this chapter;
- 2. Potential adverse effects that the proposed temporary encampment will likely have on neighboring properties and the community;
 - 3. Measures to mitigate such adverse effects;
 - 4. A proposed written code of conduct for the temporary encampment;
- 5. Measures to meet the applicable requirements of the International Fire Code; and
- 6. Certification that the applicant has taken and/or will take all reasonable and legal steps to obtain verifiable identification from current and prospective encampment residents and shall ensure that the Monroe Police Department has and/or will have completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests of the temporary encampment. The form of the notice and the application shall be provided by the zoning administrator upon request by the applicant.
- B. Community Meeting. Unless the use is in response to a declared emergency, the host shall hold a meeting open to the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [17] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the opening of a temporary [18] and the public prior to the ope

encampment. The purpose of the community meeting is to provide the surrounding community with information regarding the proposed duration and operation of the encampment, conditions that will likely be placed on the operation of the encampment, requirements of the written code of conduct, and to answer questions regarding the encampment. The religious organization must provide written notice of the community meeting to the city council at least one week, if possible, but no later than ninety-six hours prior to the meeting.

- 1. The notice must specify the time, place, and purpose of the meeting.
- 2. Public notice of the meeting shall be provided by the city by taking at least two of the following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:
- a. Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the city a written request to be notified of special meetings;
 - b. Posting on the city's web site;
- c. Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the location of the meeting; or
 - d. Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.
- C. Application Review. The zoning administrator shall issue a decision approving, approving with conditions, or denying the application for a temporary homeless encampment within fourteen days of the date that the application was submitted.
- D. Decision. A notice of decision for the temporary encampment, or summary thereof, shall contain the decision of the zoning administrator approving, approving with conditions, or denying the application, and the appeal procedure, and shall be distributed as required within four business days after the decision.
- E. Conditions of Approval. Reasonable conditions of approval may be established as deemed necessary by the zoning administrator in order to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public and the occupants of the temporary homeless encampment, consistent with this chapter and applicable federal and state law. Without limitation of the foregoing, any such conditions of approval shall comply with RCW 35A.21.360 and applicable state and federal law concerning religious exercise.
- F. Appeal. The zoning administrator's decision to approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application is appealable directly to Snohomish County Superior Court in accordance with the procedures and timeframes of the Land Use Petition Act, Chapter 36.70C RCW.

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1754

Chapter 223, Laws of 2020

66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS--HOSTING OF THE HOMELESS

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 11, 2020

Passed by the House March 7, 2020 Yeas 97 Nays 0

LAURIE JINKINS

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2020 Yeas 42 Nays 7

CYRUS HABIB

President of the Senate

Approved March 31, 2020 10:45 AM

CERTIFICATE

I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1754 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BERNARD DEAN

Chief Clerk

FILED

March 31, 2020

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1754

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2020 Regular Session

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By House Housing, Community Development & Veterans (originally sponsored by Representatives Santos, Jinkins, and Pollet)

READ FIRST TIME 02/21/19.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the hosting of the homeless by religious
- 2 organizations; amending RCW 36.01.290, 35.21.915, and 35A.21.360; and
- 3 creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature makes the following 6 findings:
- 7 (a) Residents in temporary settings hosted by religious 8 organizations are a particularly vulnerable population that do not 9 have access to the same services as citizens with more stable
- 10 housing.
- 11 (b) Residents in these settings, including outdoor uses such as
- 12 outdoor encampments, indoor overnight shelters, temporary small
- 13 houses on-site, and homeless-occupied vehicle resident safe parking,
- 14 can be at increased risk of exploitation, theft, unsanitary living
- 15 conditions, and physical harm.
- 16 (c) Furthermore, the legislature finds and declares that hosted
- 17 outdoor encampments, indoor overnight shelters, temporary small
- 18 houses on-site, and homeless-occupied vehicle resident safe parking
- 19 serve as pathways for individuals experiencing homelessness to
- 20 receive services and achieve financial stability, health, and

p. 1

21 permanent housing.

(2) The legislature intends that local municipalities have the discretion to protect the health and safety of both residents in temporary settings that are hosted by religious organizations and the surrounding community. The legislature encourages local jurisdictions and religious organizations to work together collaboratively to protect the health and safety of residents and the surrounding community while allowing religious organizations to fulfill their mission to serve the homeless. The legislature further intends to monitor the implementation of this act and continue to refine it to achieve these goals.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 36.01.290 and 2010 c 175 s 2 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
 - (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a county may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that:
 - (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by the religious organization;
 - (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability; $((\Theta r))$
 - (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

 A county has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
- 36 (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability
 37 to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled
 38 by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any
 39 calendar year. However, a county may enact an ordinance or regulation

that requires a separation of time of no more than three months
between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular
site;

- (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
- (f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently hosted by a religious organization;
- (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- 19 <u>(i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten</u>
 20 <u>on-site parking spaces;</u>
 - (ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are hosted; and
 - (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the county, but a county may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
 - (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:
- (i) If a county fire official finds that fire-related concerns
 associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger
 to persons within the shelter, the county may take action to limit
 the religious organization's availability to host the indoor
 overnight shelter; and

- (ii) A county may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
 - (A) Posted safe means of egress;

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- 9 <u>(B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as</u>
 10 necessary, and fire extinguishers;
- 11 (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are
 12 familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication
 13 devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
- (i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary

 small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious

 organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the

 following criteria:
- (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious
 organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum of
 understanding;
- 21 <u>(ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred</u>
 22 twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- 23 <u>(iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the</u> 24 local jurisdiction;
- 25 <u>(iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local</u> 26 <u>fire authority;</u>
 - (v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious organization also possess keys;
 - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;
- 31 <u>(vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms</u>
 32 <u>solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable</u>
 33 <u>running water to be available if not provided within the individual</u>
 34 <u>units, including accommodating black water;</u>
- (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.
- 38 (3) (a) A county may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any 39 other action that requires a host religious organization and a 40 distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property,

p. 4

owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses on-site, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the residents of the county.

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- (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.
- (4) If required to do so by the county, any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the county or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
- (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded managing agency, must work with the county to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a

p. 5

- 1 managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner
- 2 with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless
- 3 client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any
- 4 <u>funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the</u>
- 5 <u>homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight,</u>
- 6 <u>extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings</u>
- 7 <u>does not need to meet this requirement.</u>
- 8 (6) For the purposes of this section((τ)):
- 9 <u>(a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious</u>
- 10 organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to
- 11 organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small
- 12 <u>houses on-site</u>, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe
- 13 parking program.
- 14 (b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure
- 15 <u>encampment</u>, or both.
- 16 <u>(c)</u> "Religious organization" means the federally protected
- 17 practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution
- 18 that owns or controls real property.
- 19 <u>(d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not</u>
- 20 <u>using underground utilities.</u>
- $((\frac{4}{(4)}))$ (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a
- 22 <u>county policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable</u>
- 23 <u>consent decree that regulates religious organizations' hosting of the</u>
- 24 <u>homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, or</u>
- 25 <u>consent decrees:</u>
- 26 (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;
- 27 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u>
- 28 <u>religious organizations; and</u>
- 29 (iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the
- 30 religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
- 31 2000cc.
- 32 (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and
- 33 consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section,
- 34 those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section
- 35 if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
- 36 <u>(8)</u> An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or
- 37 public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil
- 38 liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a
- 39 temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and
- 40 (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of

1 the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this 2 section.

- (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin, honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
- overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for discussion of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must provide written notice of the meeting to the county legislative authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place, and purpose of the meeting.
- 23 <u>(b) A county must provide community notice of the meeting</u>
 24 <u>described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the</u>
 25 following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:
 - (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the governing body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
 - (ii) Posting on the county's web site. A county is not required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it: (A) Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or update the web site;
 - (iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the location of the meeting; or
 - (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.21.915 and 2010 c 175 s 3 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

- (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.
- (2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a city or town may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that:
- (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by the religious organization;
- (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability; $((\Theta r))$
- (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

 A city or town has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
- (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any calendar year. However, a city or town may enact an ordinance or regulation that requires a separation of time of no more than three months between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site;
- (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
- 35 (f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization
 36 outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any
 37 given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor
 38 encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located
 39 within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently
 40 hosted by a religious organization;

- (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- 8 <u>(i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten</u> 9 <u>on-site parking spaces;</u>
 - (ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are hosted; and
 - (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the city or town, but a city or town may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
 - (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:
 - (i) If a city or town fire official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the city or town may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
 - (ii) A city or town may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
- 38 (A) Posted safe means of egress;

39 <u>(B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as</u>
40 necessary, and fire extinguishers;

- 1 (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication 2 3 devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
 - (i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the following criteria:
- (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious 8 organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum of 9 10 understanding;
- (ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred 11 12 twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;
- (iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the 13 14 local jurisdiction;
- (iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local 15 16 fire authority;
- 17 (v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a recommendation that the managing agency and host religious 18 19 organization also possess keys;
 - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;

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- (vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms 21 solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable 22 23 running water to be available if not provided within the individual 24 units, including accommodating black water;
 - (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.
- (3) (a) A city or town may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that requires a host religious organization and a distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property, owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses onsite, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the 35 36 residents of the city or town.
- 37 (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle 38 39 resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor 40 overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the

resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.

- (4) If required to do so by a city or town, any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the city or town or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and guests. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
- (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded managing agency, must work with the city or town to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight, extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings does not need to meet this requirement.
 - (6) For the purposes of this section((τ)):

- 1 (a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious
 2 organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to
 3 organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small
 4 houses on-site, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe
 5 parking program.
 - (b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure encampment, or both.

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- (c) "Religious organization" means the federally protected practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution that owns or controls real property.
- 11 <u>(d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not</u> 12 <u>using underground utilities.</u>
- ((\(\frac{(4+)}{(4+)}\)) (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a city or town policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable consent decree that regulates religious organizations' hosting of the homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, or consent decrees:
 - (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;
- 19 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u>
 20 <u>religious organizations; and</u>
- 21 <u>(iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the</u> 22 <u>religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.</u> 23 2000cc.
 - (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section, those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
 - (8) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section.
- 35 (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle
 36 resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless
 37 that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host
 38 any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital
 39 status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin,
 40 honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of

- any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
- (10) (a) Prior to the opening of an outdoor encampment, indoor 4 overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident 5 6 safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host 7 a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for 8 discussion of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in 9 10 response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must provide written notice of the meeting to the city or town legislative 11 12 authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place, 13 14 and purpose of the meeting.
- 15 (b) A city or town must provide community notice of the meeting
 16 described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the
 17 following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:

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- (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and local radio or television station that has on file with the governing body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
- (ii) Posting on the city or town's web site. A city or town is not required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it:

 (A) Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or update the web site;
- 27 (iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in
 28 height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be
 29 placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the
 30 location of the meeting; or
 - (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.
- 32 **Sec. 4.** RCW 35A.21.360 and 2010 c 175 s 4 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 (1) A religious organization may host ((temporary encampments for)) the homeless on property owned or controlled by the religious organization whether within buildings located on the property or elsewhere on the property outside of buildings.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (7) of this section, a code city may not enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that:

- (a) Imposes conditions other than those necessary to protect public health and safety and that do not substantially burden the decisions or actions of a religious organization regarding the location of housing or shelter, such as an outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking, for homeless persons on property owned or controlled by the religious organization;
- (b) Requires a religious organization to obtain insurance pertaining to the liability of a municipality with respect to homeless persons housed on property owned by a religious organization or otherwise requires the religious organization to indemnify the municipality against such liability; $((\Theta r))$
- (c) Imposes permit fees in excess of the actual costs associated with the review and approval of ((the required)) permit applications.

 A code city has discretion to reduce or waive permit fees for a religious organization that is hosting the homeless;
- (d) Specifically limits a religious organization's availability to host an outdoor encampment on its property or property controlled by the religious organization to fewer than six months during any calendar year. However, a code city may enact an ordinance or regulation that requires a separation of time of no more than three months between subsequent or established outdoor encampments at a particular site;
- (e) Specifically limits a religious organization's outdoor encampment hosting term to fewer than four consecutive months;
- (f) Limits the number of simultaneous religious organization outdoor encampment hostings within the same municipality during any given period of time. Simultaneous and adjacent hostings of outdoor encampments by religious organizations may be limited if located within one thousand feet of another outdoor encampment concurrently hosted by a religious organization;
- (g) Limits a religious organization's availability to host safe parking efforts at its on-site parking lot, including limitations on any other congregationally sponsored uses and the parking available to support such uses during the hosting, except for limitations that are in accord with the following criteria that would govern if

- enacted by local ordinance or memorandum of understanding between the host religious organization and the jurisdiction:
- (i) No less than one space may be devoted to safe parking per ten
 4 on-site parking spaces;
 - (ii) Restroom access must be provided either within the buildings on the property or through use of portable facilities, with the provision for proper disposal of waste if recreational vehicles are hosted; and
 - (iii) Religious organizations providing spaces for safe parking must continue to abide by any existing on-site parking minimum requirement so that the provision of safe parking spaces does not reduce the total number of available parking spaces below the minimum number of spaces required by the code city, but a code city may enter into a memorandum of understanding with a religious organization that reduces the minimum number of on-site parking spaces required;
 - (h) Limits a religious organization's availability to host an indoor overnight shelter in spaces with at least two accessible exits due to lack of sprinklers or other fire-related concerns, except that:
 - (i) If a code city fire official finds that fire-related concerns associated with an indoor overnight shelter pose an imminent danger to persons within the shelter, the code city may take action to limit the religious organization's availability to host the indoor overnight shelter; and
 - (ii) A code city may require a host religious organization to enter into a memorandum of understanding for fire safety that includes local fire district inspections, an outline for appropriate emergency procedures, a determination of the most viable means to evacuate occupants from inside the host site with appropriate illuminated exit signage, panic bar exit doors, and a completed fire watch agreement indicating:
 - (A) Posted safe means of egress;

- (B) Operable smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detectors as necessary, and fire extinguishers;
- (C) A plan for monitors who spend the night awake and are familiar with emergency protocols, who have suitable communication devices, and who know how to contact the local fire department; or
- 38 <u>(i) Limits a religious organization's ability to host temporary</u> 39 small houses on land owned or controlled by the religious

- organization, except for recommendations that are in accord with the following criteria:
- (i) A renewable one-year duration agreed to by the host religious

 organization and local jurisdiction via a memorandum of

 understanding;
- 6 <u>(ii) Maintaining a maximum unit square footage of one hundred</u>
 7 <u>twenty square feet, with units set at least six feet apart;</u>
- 8 <u>(iii) Electricity and heat, if provided, must be inspected by the</u> 9 local jurisdiction;
- 10 <u>(iv) Space heaters, if provided, must be approved by the local</u>
 11 <u>fire authority;</u>
- 12 <u>(v) Doors and windows must be included and be lockable, with a</u>
 13 <u>recommendation that the managing agency and host religious</u>
 14 <u>organization also possess keys;</u>
 - (vi) Each unit must have a fire extinguisher;

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- 16 <u>(vii) Adequate restrooms must be provided, including restrooms</u>
 17 <u>solely for families if present, along with handwashing and potable</u>
 18 <u>running water to be available if not provided within the individual</u>
 19 units, including accommodating black water;
 - (viii) A recommendation for the host religious organization to partner with regional homeless service providers to develop pathways to permanent housing.
 - (3) (a) A code city may enact an ordinance or regulation or take any other action that requires a host religious organization and a distinct managing agency using the religious organization's property, owned or controlled by the religious organization, for hostings to include outdoor encampments, temporary small houses on-site, indoor overnight shelters, or vehicle resident safe parking to enter into a memorandum of understanding to protect the public health and safety of both the residents of the particular hosting and the residents of the code city.
 - (b) At a minimum, the agreement must include information regarding: The right of a resident in an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter to seek public health and safety assistance, the resident's ability to access social services on-site, and the resident's ability to directly interact with the host religious organization, including the ability to express any concerns regarding the managing agency to the religious organization; a written code of conduct agreed to by the managing agency, if any, host religious

organization, and all volunteers working with residents of the outdoor encampment, temporary small house on-site, indoor overnight shelter, or vehicle resident safe parking; and when a publicly funded managing agency exists, the ability for the host religious organization to interact with residents of the outdoor encampment, indoor overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident safe parking using a release of information.

- organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelter, or the host religious organization's managing agency, must ensure that the code city or local law enforcement agency has completed sex offender checks of all adult residents and quests. The host religious organization retains the authority to allow such offenders to remain on the property. A host religious organization or host religious organization's managing agency performing any hosting of vehicle resident safe parking must inform vehicle residents how to comply with laws regarding the legal status of vehicles and drivers, and provide a written code of conduct consistent with area standards.
- (5) Any host religious organization performing any hosting of an outdoor encampment, vehicle resident safe parking, temporary small house on-site, or indoor overnight shelter, with a publicly funded managing agency, must work with the code city to utilize Washington's homeless client management information system, as provided for in RCW 43.185C.180. When the religious organization does not partner with a managing agency, the religious organization is encouraged to partner with a local homeless services provider using the Washington homeless client managing information system. Any managing agency receiving any funding from local continuum of care programs must utilize the homeless client management information system. Temporary, overnight, extreme weather shelter provided in religious organization buildings does not need to meet this requirement.
 - (6) For the purposes of this section((τ)):
- 34 (a) "Managing agency" means an organization such as a religious
 35 organization or other organized entity that has the capacity to
 36 organize and manage a homeless outdoor encampment, temporary small
 37 houses on-site, indoor overnight shelter, and a vehicle resident safe
 38 parking program.
- 39 <u>(b) "Outdoor encampment" means any temporary tent or structure</u> 40 encampment, or both.

- 1 <u>(c)</u> "Religious organization" means the federally protected 2 practice of a recognized religious assembly, school, or institution 3 that owns or controls real property.
 - (d) "Temporary" means not affixed to land permanently and not using underground utilities.
 - (((4))) (7) (a) Subsection (2) of this section does not affect a code city policy, ordinance, memorandum of understanding, or applicable consent decree that regulates religious organizations' hosting of the homeless if such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, or consent decrees:
 - (i) Exist prior to the effective date of this section;

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- 12 <u>(ii) Do not categorically prohibit the hosting of the homeless by</u>
 13 religious organizations; and
- 14 <u>(iii) Have not been previously ruled by a court to violate the</u> 15 <u>religious land use and institutionalized persons act, 42 U.S.C. Sec.</u> 16 <u>2000cc.</u>
 - (b) If such policies, ordinances, memoranda of understanding, and consent decrees are amended after the effective date of this section, those amendments are not affected by subsection (2) of this section if those amendments satisfy (a) (ii) and (iii) of this subsection.
 - (8) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for (a) damages arising from the permitting decisions for a temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section and (b) any conduct or unlawful activity that may occur as a result of the temporary encampment for the homeless as provided in this section.
 - (9) A religious organization hosting outdoor encampments, vehicle resident safe parking, or indoor overnight shelters for the homeless that receives funds from any government agency may not refuse to host any resident or prospective resident because of age, sex, marital status, sexual orientation, race, creed, color, national origin, honorably discharged veteran or military status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a person with a disability, as these terms are defined in RCW 49.60.040.
- 37 (10)(a) Prior to the opening of an outdoor encampment, indoor 38 overnight shelter, temporary small house on-site, or vehicle resident 39 safe parking, a religious organization hosting the homeless on 40 property owned or controlled by the religious organization must host

- 1 <u>a meeting open to the public for the purpose of providing a forum for</u>
- 2 <u>discussion</u> of related neighborhood concerns, unless the use is in
- 3 response to a declared emergency. The religious organization must
- 4 provide written notice of the meeting to the code city legislative
- 5 <u>authority at least one week if possible but no later than ninety-six</u>
- 6 hours prior to the meeting. The notice must specify the time, place,
- 7 and purpose of the meeting.
- 8 (b) A code city must provide community notice of the meeting 9 described in (a) of this subsection by taking at least two of the
- 10 <u>following actions at any time prior to the time of the meeting:</u>
- 11 (i) Delivering to each local newspaper of general circulation and
- 12 <u>local radio or television station that has on file with the governing</u>
- 13 body a written request to be notified of special meetings;
- 14 <u>(ii) Posting on the code city's web site. A code city is not</u>
- 15 required to post a special meeting notice on its web site if it: (A)
- 16 <u>Does not have a web site; (B) employs fewer than ten full-time</u>
- 17 equivalent employees; or (C) does not employ personnel whose duty, as
- 18 <u>defined by a job description or existing contract, is to maintain or</u>
- 19 <u>update the web site;</u>
- 20 <u>(iii) Prominently displaying, on signage at least two feet in</u>
- 21 <u>height and two feet in width, one or more meeting notices that can be</u>
- 22 placed on or adjacent to the main arterials in proximity to the
- 23 location of the meeting; or
- 24 (iv) Prominently displaying the notice at the meeting site.

Passed by the House March 7, 2020.

Passed by the Senate March 3, 2020.

Approved by the Governor March 31, 2020.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 31, 2020.

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